## THE ATLANTA MEETING.

Arrangements for the 87th annual meeting are going forward with every promise of a very successful convention.

Dr. R. C. Wilson, as the Local Secretary, is actively directing the plans. The Atlanta Biltmore Hotel, which has been selected as headquarters, can furnish ample accommodations for the delegates and for the sessions. Recently, the week of August 20, 1939, has been approved as the time for the meeting. Several of the affiliated organizations will meet during the previous week. The entertainment will be unique and characteristic of the section.

The Georgia Pharmaceutical Association, the Fifth Congressional District Pharmaceutical Association and the Atlanta Retail Druggists Association met in Atlanta recently and after approving the general plans, selected the following Chairmen of Committee: Finance (and Treasurer), T. C. Marshall; Publicity, R. D Rainey; Reception, A. H. Waldon; House, D. W. Leary; Banquet, L. N. Camp; Registration, L. R. Brewer, Entertainment, C. H. Evans.

These Chairmen form the Executive Committee of which Local Secretary Wilson will act as Chairman.

The rates at the Atlanta Biltmore range from \$3.00 to \$5.00 for single rooms; from \$4.50 to \$6.50 for double rooms; and from \$5.00 to \$7.00 for double rooms with twin beds. All rooms have outside exposure and private bath. Reservations should be made promptly.—E. F. K.

## AMERICAN DOCUMENTATION INSTITUTE.

The annual meeting of the Institute was held on Thursday, January 26, 1939, at the National Academy of Sciences, Washington, D. C. The members of the Institute are nominated by approximately fifty associations and societies of which the A. PH. A. is one.

The present officers were reëlected including Watson Davis as president and Cuthbert Lee as secretary and director. The Institute was organized to conduct Bibliofilm Service through microfilms and Auxiliary Publication Service through microfilm and photoprints as a means of promoting documentation and the preservation of documents, and is supported by income from these services supplemented by grants from the Carnegie and Rockefeller Foundations.

The use of both services is increasing as they become better known to librarians, teachers and research records, such as newspapers, etc. The development of a satisfactory reading machine for microfilms has increased their use and the Institute has enlarged its equipment to include cameras, etc., necessary to reproduce large pages. X-ray plates can now be transferred to microfilms as well as colored material, and microfilm master negatives, from which any number of microfilms can be made, are now possible. Arrangements are being made with journals and organizations to reproduce articles, which they find it impossible to publish, in microfilm at a fixed service charge of twenty cents plus one cent per page; or in photoprint at the same service charge plus ten cents per page. This service will cover doctoral dissertations and similar documents. During the year more than 178,000 pages of material were reproduced.—E. F. K.



Dr. A. G DUMEZ.

## JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION

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## ANDREW GROVER DUMEZ.

The President-Elect of the ASSOCIATION was born in Horicon, Wis., April 26, 1885, the son of Andrew Alexander and Anna Meister DuMez, both parents being natives of Milwaukee. The father was a pharmacist and the son obtained his practical training and his interest in Pharmacy from his father. Young DuMez' general education was obtained in the Graded Schools of Cashton, Wis., from 1891 to 1897; and in the High Schools of that city from 1897 to 1900. He entered the University of Wisconsin in the fall of 1902 and was awarded the following degrees by that institution: Graduate in Pharmacy (Ph.G.), 1904; Bachelor of Science (B.S.), 1907; Master of Science (M.S.), 1910; and Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.), 1917.

Pharmaceutical education and research have received a major portion of Dr. DuMez' attention as the following record will indicate:

Instructor in Pharmaceutical Chemistry, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wis., 1905–1910; Professor of Chemistry, Pacific University, Forest Grove, Oregon, 1910–1911; Assistant Professor of Chemistry, Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College, Stillwater, Okla., 1911–1912; Director of the School of Pharmacy of the University of the Philippines, Manila, P. I., 1912–1916; Hollister Fellow, University of Wisconsin, 1916–1917; Associate Pharmacologist, Hygienic Laboratory, U. S. Public Health Service, Washington, D. C., 1917–1926; Dean of the School of Pharmacy, University of Maryland, Baltimore, Md., 1926 to date.

In addition to other research activities, Dr. DuMez was the first to propose and suggest bismuthous iodide as a remedy for amœbic dysentery. This work was published in 1916 and the publications that have followed include:

"The Galenical Oleoresins," bulletin of the University of Wisconsin, 1917, page 288; "Digest of Comments on the Pharmacopœia of the United States and the National Formulary," bulletin of the Hygienic Laboratory, U. S. Public Health Service, published annually, 1916–1922. Editor of the "YEAR BOOK OF THE AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION," 1921–1935. Editor of "Pharmaceutical Abstracts," 1935 to date. Co-author with Glenn L. Jenkins, of "Quantitative Pharmaceutical Chemistry," McGraw-Hill Book Co., 1930; and numerous scientific articles published in U. S. Public Health Reports, Philippine Journal of Science, Journal American Medical Association, American Journal of Pharmacy, JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION, Journal of Chemical Education, etc.

Dr. DuMez has taken an active part in pharmaceutical efforts of various kinds and in this connection has held a number of important appointments and offices, among them:

1914, Member of a committee to revise the pharmacy and drug laws of the Philippine Islands, appointed by the Director of Health; 1915, appointed by the Vice-Governor to investigate the schools and colleges of pharmacy in the Philippine Islands; 1918–1919, served as a member and secretary of the Special Committee to investigate the Traffic in Narcotics in the United States, appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury; 1920, elected a member of the Revision Committee of Pharmacopœia of the United States, and Chairman of the Sub-Committee on Nomenclature to serve for ten years; reëlected in 1930 and made vice-chairman of the Committee, also reëlected chairman of the Sub-Committee on Nomenclature; 1925, official delegate of the United States Government of the Second Conference on the Unification of Standards for Potent Remedies held in Brussels, Belgium, September 21–27, 1925, appointed by the Secretary of State with the approval of the President; 1932, secretary-treasurer, American Council on Pharmaceutical Education.

The memberships held by Dr. DuMez in professional associations, clubs and lodges and the offices held in these organizations, include:

Wisconsin Academy of Science, Arts and Letters; AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION, (President-Elect 1939; Chairman, Scientific Section 1920–1921; Member of the Council, 1920 to date; Secretary of the Council, 1920–1923); American Chemical Society; American Association of Colleges of Pharmacy (President, 1928–1929); American Public Health Association; American Association for the Advancement of Science (Fellow); Maryland Pharmaceutical Association; Sigma XI, Rho Chi, Phi Delta Chi, Kappa Psi, etc.; Kiwanis Club of Baltimore; Masonic, Temple Noyes Lodge No. 32, Washington, D. C.

The President-Elect has been a prominent figure in Pharmacy for several years and has made valuable contributions toward its progress. He is well acquainted with the work of the A. PH. A., with its objectives and with its needs. He will bring to the office the thorough training, broad contacts and wide experience on which a constructive administration of the offices of the Association can be based.

Dr. DuMez and Miss Mary Elizabeth Fields were married in Olney, Illinois, June 9, 1912, and make their home in the Garden Apartments, Baltimore, Maryland.